The Evening Star is served to subscribers in the city by carriers, on their own account, at 10 cents per week, or 44 cents per month. Cepies at the counter, 2 cents each. By mail—anywhere in the U. S. or Canada—postage prepaid—50 cents per month. Saturday Star, 32 pages, \$1 per year; with foreign postage added, \$3.60.

(Entered at the Post Office at Washington, D. C., as second class mail matter.)

[FAIl mail subscriptions must be paid in advance, Rates of advertising made known on application.

Unusual Sight in Great Church in Rome.

CROWDS AT BASILICA

POPULACE ANXIOUS TO VIEW

In Spite of All Precautions the Crush at the Church Was

Terrific.

Peter's, while thousands of persons from the ordinary walks of life filed past to pay their last tributes of love and veneration. The impressive ceremonies of yesterday were viewed by only a favored few of the nobility, aristocracy and the highest clergy, but today the doors were opened to the entire public. Many remained on the plazza throughout the hot night in order to gain a place at the head of the line. By 5 o'clock this morning there was a crowd of several hundred, which had increased by 6 o'clock to several thousands. Elaborate preparations had been made to

guard against accidents in the crush. All knowledge of marine biology of the Paconverging streets were cleared of vehicles. leaving them free for foot passengers, while six ambulance stations had been erected, including one at the entrance to the piazza and another beside the door of St. Peter's. Exactly at 6 o'clock the bells of the great cathedral began tolling mournfully—a small bell beginning in the high notes and the chines running down through the scale until a deep bass stroke had completed the minor chord.

ments of Italian grenadiers marched smartly across the plazza to the stone steps, and soon the vast portico swarmed for the first time in years with Italian troops-300 on the portico and 1,200 surrounding the colonnades. The grenadiers were long, blue ser-vice coats and peaked caps. They stood in new ones of the order of crustacean. double column at parade rest, the lines extending from the threshold of the church through a narrow gateway of a temporary wooden structure, which was holding back

the human tide began to flow in. The jam at the narrow entrance soon became ter-rific, threatening serious results to the struggling mass of half-tainting women and order in this city, went to Tolchester Beach children. Although the crowd was not extraordinarily large the steady movement pressure terrific. Many women had their of the local longe. It required five bay steamers and two dresses or veils torn off and some were smaller vessels to transport the great lifted, exhausted, over the wooden inclosure and out of the crush. Fortunately, there were no serious accidents and the

Within the church temporary rallings had been erected to keep the people in a straight line leading directly to the bier. This was the center to which all eyes turned. The body lay on a catafalque ten which separates the chapel from the are now 7,000 men employed at the yard main portion of the church, but those who disappointed, as the officials had adopted the largest number of men ever employed

convent girls under the care of nuns, and of school boys headed by priests. Crowds continued to pass before the bier throughout the morning.

At 9:20 a.m. a solemn pontifical requiem mass was celebrated in St. Peter's for the repose of the soul of Leo XIII. The crowd was kept constantly moving within the wooden barriers, but other entrances were provided for those desiring to assist at the

lege, feels worn out, owing to his unaccus-tomed exertions. His life as a cardinal was one of uninterrupted serenity, and he now practically bears the entire burden of the church, and also the minute details of the preparations for the obsequies and the Notwithstanding this he opened this morning's meeting of the congregation of cardinals. The number of those present today was augmented by the presence of two new arrivals, Cardinal Domenteo Syampa, archbishop of Bologna, and Cardinal Giulio Boschi, areid ishop of Ferrara, The former was especially warmly wel-

Ih's responsibilities have softened his austerity and that he is directing affairs with firmness, but without harshness, showing the cardinals every consideration and giving constant proof of equanimity.

At this morning's meeting of the congregation of cardinals a committee consisting of Cardinals Casall, Macchi and Della Volpe was appointed to supervise all the arrange-

ments in connection with the conclave. Two doctors, Lapponi and Pelagallo: a surgeon, Prof. Caigetti, and a druggist were appointed to attend the eardinals while they are shut up.

Finally the cardinals appointed a committee to receive the case containing the papal treasure from the congregation of whose work is suspended until a new pope is elected, and to receive the apal seals from the apostolic chancellery. During the hot hours of the day the crowd at St. Peter's decreased, and little difficulty was experienced in viewing the

An extraordinary significant element was introduced later in the morning by Italian soldiers entering the church, for the maintenance of order, in full uniform, wearing their caps and side arms. They lined the aisles of the Basilica. Window Glass Workers' Association. About

The event, which was unprecedented, created widespread comment. The presence of tained that it had a sufficient force of sol-diers to insure order within its own terri-tory, and the inference is drawn that the

The Evening Star

WASHINGTON, D. C., THURSDAY, JULY 23, 1903-SIXTEEN PAGES.

TWO CENTS.

President Covered Thirty Miles in 4 Hours.

VISIT TO HIS UNCLE

STARTED AT 2 A. M. IN THUNDER STORM.

He Was Accompanied by His Son and Two Nephews on the

OYSTER BAY, N. Y., July 23.-Shortly after 2 o'clock this morning President Roosevelt, accompanied by his eldest son, Theodore, started from Sagamore Hill on a horseback ride to Sayville, L. I. The President goes to Sayville to visit his uncle, Robert Roosevelt.

It was expected that Mrs. Roosevelt might accompany the President, but she was deterred from attempting the long ride, about thirty miles, by the very unpropitious The President and his son were unaccom-

panied. Two secret service officers left Oyster Bay last night for Sayville, by train. The President will spend the day and night with his uncle, leaving for Sagumore Hill en his return ride early tomorrow

Arrival at His Uncle's Home.

night it had been raining heavily, the downpour being accompanied by a tremendous

Undeterred by the raging elements President Roosevelt and his son prepared for started satisfied entirely. The President and his son were accompaned on their ride by two nephews of President Roosevelt. For more than two hours the little cavalwhose iridescence vies with the plumage of the peacock, showing in turn violet, purple, green, copper and bronze, and at night becoming phosphorescent. Numbers of new some ways shining glor oasly. President the dawn broke and in a little while the sam was shining glor oasly. President Roosevelt, on his favorite riding herse, set the pace. Theodore, jr., riding the horse Wyoming, presented to the President by the citizens of Douglas, Wyo. The party arrived here a few minutes before 6 o'clock riding directly to the home of the President's uncle, Robert B. Roosevelt, about a

mile from this little town.

The President arrived at too early an hour to attract much attention. Since he came he has spent the time about the grounds of his uncle's estate. His visit is of a purely social character, and it is understood it to participate in a crab feast which has will not be made the occasion of the least public demonstration.

lead to fresh demands on the part of the powers, including the establishment of efficacious European control. Even the Austrians and Russians now admit that

grand jury continued its sessions today. From the witnesses that are being called it is believed that the jurors are considering the cases of the county officials who are said to have furnished the \$5,000 that Gardner Plummer offered to B. J. Ewen if the latter would not testify against Curtis Jett and Thomas White in the Marcum murder into the murders of Cox, Cockrill and others. Meantime Special Balliff Newland. who is making arrests, has not been able to find Plummer, who was indicted yesterday, and who had been engaged laying pipes here for an oll company. Capt. Ewen caused quite a stir in camp last night by yelling in his sleep, and when aroused told the soldiers he was dreaming

ALBATROSS AT SKAGWAY.

ful Deep Sea Work.

SEATTLE, Wash., July 23.-A dispatch from Skagway says the United States fish commission steamer Albatross, having on board Dr. Starr Jordan and his scientific associates, is in port. Members of the scientific corps report that the deep-sea work has been very interesting, and from a scientific standpoint very valuable. Dr. Jordan. Dr. Evermann and several other members of the scientific corps have left over the White Pass road for White

FREDERICK W. HOLLS DEAD.

at The Hague. NEW YORK, July 23.-Frederick W Holls, secretary of the American delegation to The Hague peace conference, and more

recently member of the international court, died suddenly early today at his home at Yenkers. George Frederick W. Holls was born at Zellenople, Pa., July 1, 1857, was graduated from Columbia college in 1878 and studied also at the University at Leipsic. He was

the peace conference at The Hague from the United States in 1899 and more recently member of the international court. He was the author of a number of books, including a history of the peace conference at The Hague and numerous lectures and essays on political subjects. No Permit for "Mother" Jones. NEW YORK, July 23.-Acting Police

mit to march through the streets to "Mother" Jones and her "army" of textile workers. Mrs. Jones came over from Jer-sey City, where the "army" is to make the application.

Commissioner Ebstein today refused a per-

Rain Stops Cricket Match. I.ONDON, July 23.-The visiting Philadelphian cricketers began a match today with P. F. Warner's eleven at Kennington eval. the home team batting first. The score at

THREE KILLED, MANY INJURED AT PATERSON, N. J.

Property Loss Estimated at \$200,000-Storm Nwept an Area of 400 Feet Wide.

PATERSON, N. J., July 23 .- Mayor John Hinchliffe today called together the leading citizens of Paterson to devise ways and means of providing relief at once for the people most sorely stricken by the tornado which wrought death and devastation in this city yesterday. Two thousand men Statement by President Feeney-Secwere set to work today to clear away the wreckage strewn in the streets by the storm. In summing up the tornado's work Paterson today counts three dead, 100 injured, fifty families made homeless and a property loss estimated at \$200,000. The tornado mowed a path of destruction 400 feet wide from the southwest to the north-

east of the city.

Joseph Vandam, twenty years old, was Mrs. Mary Nevin, seventy-five years old, died from fright.

About twenty-five persons are under treatment at the hospitals. It is expected all will recover. John Saunders, a steel worker in the Passaic rolling mill, is the worst injured, being badly cut about the

A dispatch from Paterson, N. J., last night gives the following details of the A terrific tornado visited this city today. During the blow, which lasted about three minutes, three persons were killed and at least half a dozen injured. One house was blown down, more than a score of buildings were unroofed and havoc was done to trees. fences, signs and awnings, Half a dozen men were at work jack-ing up a house. When the tornado struck

this building it collapsed. Joseph Van Dam was buried under the wreckage and nstantly killed. Four other men were caught, but were dug out alive, although unconscious. Two other men were injured in other parts of the city. Thomas Hancock, eight years old, was struck by a piece of shafting, blown from a wrecked laundry building, which com-pletely severed his head from his body. At St. Joseph's Hospital the patients were thrown into a panic. Big trees in

blown down, the windows were smashed, and the awnings carried off. The monetary loss by the storm is estimated at between \$150,000 and \$200,000. The oss was greatly added to tonight by a heavy rain storm, which lasted for hours and which beat into the unroofed buildings and into houses, where the win-dows were broken during the storm, and where the damage could not be repaired

the grounds around the hospital were

as nearly as can be estimated tonight fifty-two houses have been blown down so torn by the wind as to be beyond repair. About double that number are badly damaged, and several times that number of buildings slightly damag d.

CHINA GAVE PLEDGE

Macedonia and the difficulties encountered OFFICIALS NOT DISTURBED BY REPORTS FROM PEKING.

> Ching's Objections to Opening Manchurian Ports Regarded as a Quibble

to Placate Russia.

The State Department has heard nothing recently from Mr. Conger respecting the Manchurian negotiations, so it is suggested that the Peking report to the effect that the Chinese government, through Prince Ching, has declined to open any Manchurian ports refers to a phase of the regotiations dating about two weeks back. The reason for this suggestion is a knowledge on the part of the officials here that before Secretary Hay's departure for his summer home the Chinese government actually did pledge itself to open two or more ports in Manchuria.

It is not deemed proper here to indicate how these pledges were conveyed, whether through Mr. Conger at Peking or the Chinese minister here; but as to the fact there can be no question. If, however, there has been any change in the Chinese attitude since this pledge was given it is said here that the United States government will not be moved thereby, but, holding fast to the pledges already given, will insist on their redemption.

Respecting the plea attributed to China in the Peking dispatches to the effect that she cannot open the Manchurfan ports because they are in the possession of Russian troops and officials, it is pointed out here that as several weeks, and even months, must necessarily elapse before the new treaty can be made and become operative, there will be ample opportunity for the Russians to evacuate the desired ports

Impressed with the heretofore expressed willingness of China to open Manchurlan ports, reinforced by the assurances given to this government by Russia along the same lines, the officials continue firm in their belief that the situation ultimately will be clarified and the efforts of the United States be rewarded. In some quarters the objections urged to the opening of ports in Prince Ching's communication are regarded as a mere diplomatic quibble designed perhaps to placate Russia. No mat-ter what fresh obstacle may intervene our government, firm in the conviction that the principle of the open door in China should be enjoyed by all nations, will continue to exert its influence in that direction.

TO BORROW \$35,000,000.

President Palma Wants to Send a Commission to the World's Largest Cities. American Minister Squiers at Havana has reported to Acting Secretary Loomis that on the 17th instant President Palma asked for an appropriation of \$15,000 to defray the expenses of a commission to visit the United States and Europe to facilitate the negotiation of the \$35,000,000 loan authorized by the Cuban congress. The commission is to visit New York, London and Paris. It is said that President Palma expects that the loan will be placed in the two latter cities, though Senor Zaldo, the minister for foreign affairs, thinks that it can be floated in New York. There were reports that various foreign banking houses had offered to take the loan by cable, but no foundation could be found for these reports.

Capt. W. A. Bethel's Appointment. It was announced at the War Department today that Captain Walter A. Bethel, Artillery Corps, acting judge advocate of the Department of Columbia, at Vancouver barracks, Wash., has been appointed judge noon was twelve runs for one wicket down. advocate, with the rank of major, to fill

STRUCK BY TORNADO PRINTERS

What Bookbinders Say About Miller's Return.

CASE FURTHER STATED

PREVIOUS RELATIONS WITH CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION.

retary Cortelyou Has Not Examined the Protest Yet. A report that three delegates from the

local union of the International Brotherhood of Bookbinders last night went to Oyster Bay to make a protest to President | the bookbinders, which has been filed with Roosevelt against the reinstatement as ascrushed to death under a falling building. Roosevelt against the reinstatement as assistant foreman of William A. Miller, has the back of his head cut off by a falling been denied by the officers of the union and The Evening Star is authorized to say that no such action has been at any time considered. The bookbinders appreciate that the Presi-

dent acted strictly within the rules of the civil service in ordering the reinstatement of Miller after the civil service commission had received the admission from Public Printer Palmer that the man had been dis charge from the government printing office because of his expulsion from the local union of the bookbinders' organization. They say that they have neither wish nor right to expect him to reverse his decision until such facts have been presented to him through the proper channels as will enable a reconsideration. This step has already been taken by the union and the papers are now in the hands of Secretary Cortelyou of the Department of Commerce

question as to the result of Miller's return-ing to his old place. The men will quit work in a body, for they claim they have no other recourse. But they cannot stop work immediately upon the return of Mil-ler. If he comes back to take the place to which the order of the President has reinstated him, the officers of the union will meet and order a strike.

In the event of such action every man and

woman in the bindery, it is asserted, will walk out until such time as Miller is dismissed. If it should become necessary it is said that the entire force of the printing office will quit work in sympathy with the bookbinders. Neither of these actions, however, is thought by those members of the union who are informed as to the contents of the protest sent to the President yes-terday, likely to be taken.

It is contended that the contents of the

protest are of such a convincing nature that there will be not the slightest possibility of the civil service commission upholdany opposing argument that might b advanced by Miller.

A prominent member of the local union

reinstatement by the public printer, and it

The bookbinders distinctly disayow any intention to ask the President to rescind his order until he has had the proof placed properly before him of the unfitness of Miller to work in the government service. They realize that an error has been made in the discharge of the man, but at the action, and say that it was taken with the best interests at heart of the employes who worked under Miller.

Former President J. L. Feeney of the local union of the bookbinders' organization this morning made the following statement to a reporter for The Evening Star:
"We regret very much that several newspapers have seen fit to criticise the public printer for discharging William A. Miller on account of the expulsion of the latter from the Bookbinders' Union. Mr. Palmer is a thorough union man, being a member of the Typographical Union, and has always been. In Miller's case he simply acted as if he were a private employer. We have been recognized as a union by every public printer since the government bought the plant in 1861. Public Printers Wendell, Defrees, Rounds and Benedict have recog-nized the Bookbinders' Union, and I can cite many cases wherein the union was consulted and its rules and laws upheld by predecessors of the present public printer.

Difference With the Commission.

served the required four years' apprentice commission and after his rejection by the ness with the commission and in the pres work which he would not be permitted to perform because of his rejection by the union and consequent discharge from the government service.
"We requested that the apprenticeship

rule of the commission be amended, making it four years instead of three, and on motion of Commissioner Procter the rule was amended as we suggested. That is a case

the rules of the civil service, our union opposed the action, and I was one of the committee that called upon the civil service commission, and also on the President of the United States, to prevent it. We were told that the rules had been prepared and it was too late. We immediately protested against the three years rule for apprentice-ships, and our committee told Commissioner Procter that our union would not admit to membership any person appointed by the commission who could not show that he had

such a case and I told him that we had the right to prevent our members from working with any person who had served but three years. He then said that such a man would be obnoxious to the rest of the employes and that they could request his discharge by the public printer and that such discharge would be sustained by the commission. In addition he said that the commissioners were at that time consider-ing the case of a very efficient man who had been discharged by a postmaster at the request of the other employes because he was afflicted with an offensive breath.

The commission in this case approved the action of the postmaster. "President Roosevelt must admit that in his appointment of the coal strike commis-sion the claim of the miners' union for ecognition was granted by the committee

and the operators were forced to recognize "In demanding the recognition of the existence of our union we are asking no more of the government than we do of private establishments. We are thoroughly organized and have been for more than lifty years. We are not granted any more privileges in the government bindery than we have received in private binderies, the rules

and regulations being the same in both.

Miller will not come back." Has Not Examined Protest.

Secretary Cortelyou has not yet had time to carefully examine the protest of him for his and the President's consideration, and could therefore give no expression of opinion as to the eventual outcome of the trouble

It is thought that the protest will be forwarded to the President without delay, in order to avoid any complications that might arise if Miller returned and the union men in the printing office were forced thereby to walk out.

TO PREVENT OVER-CROWDING. Attention Being Paid to Steamboats During the Excursion Season.

Supervising Inspector General Uhler has written as follows to Secretary Cortelyou regarding the supervision of steamboats: "In accordance with your verbal instructions of yesterday, I have the honor to transmit herewith the information in reference to the surveillance exercised by this service and also by the customs service regarding the carrying of passengers on excursion and other steamers during the summer months, or upon occasions where there would be a probability or a possibility of overcrowding

"The accompanying document (Department Circular No. 81, 1899, decision No. 21,236, of June 7, 1899, was mailed to all officers affected by the order in the early part of June, and I have every reason to part of June, and I have every reason to believe that the provisions of the circular are being complied with in every particu-lar, and that especial attention is being given this Important matter. "Extraordinary and special occasions, such as the international yacht races, im-portant regattas and other interesting

events that naturally draw large bodies of people, will be anticipated in the future, as they have been in the past, by special let-ters calling the attention of inspectors and assurance that the traveling public will be given as full protection as the service can possibly afford, and that the result will be satisfactory to all." satisfactory to all.

GEN. WOOD AT MANILA.

Gen. Wade Will Relieve Gen. G. W. Davis Saturday. Acting Adjutant General Hall has been

advised of the arrival of Brig. Gen. Leonard Wood at Manila, on his way to Zamboanga, to assume command of the Department of Mindanao.

He is also informed that Major General James F. Wade will relieve Major General George W. Davis of command of the division of the Philippines, with headquarters at Manila, Saturday morning, on which day General Davis will be placed on the retired list by operation of law on account of age. General Davis' return to the United States may be slightly delayed by the re-cent accident to the transport Sumner, on which it was his original intention to make the trip from Manila to New York, starting immediately after his relief from duty The Sunner is now undergoing repairs and it is not known on what exact date she will be ready to resume her trips. It is, therefore, probable that General Davis will ome home on merchant steamers by the Mediterranean route to New York. Genral Wood will probably relieve General Wade

ONLY ONE BID RECEIVED.

Proposal for Building Officers' Quarters at the Naval Academy.

The Navy Department received only one bid for the construction of officers' quarters at the Naval Academy at Annapolis, said to be equipped with ample funds for that of the Noel Construction Company of Baltimore, which offered to do the work for \$309,730. Under the provision of the last naval appropriation bill \$280,000 only

Rear Admiral Coghlan, commanding the Caribbean division of the north Atlantic fleet, was at the Navy Department today | Doubt About the Guilt of Lieut. James in consultation with the officials in regard to the participation of the vessels of his command in the joint maneuvers off the coast of Maine. His flagship, the Olympia, is at Frenchman's bay.

Lieut. F. Boughter, from command of the Lieut. B. C. Decker, from Cavite station to command of the Quiros.

Midshipman J. P. Lannon, from the Frolic to the New Orleans, Midshipmen J. O. Fisher, from the Albay to the New Orleans.

Midshipman J. O. Richardson, from the Oniros to the New Orleans

Midshipman D. C. Bingham, from the New Orleans to the Frolic. Midshipman E. J. Marquart and Lieut. L. M. Overstreet, from the Oregon to the Frolic.
Midshipman R. C. Davis, from the Oregon

sin to the Quiros.

Midshipman C. S. Kerrick, from the Oregon to the Quiros. Midshipman J. F. Green, from the Isla de Cuba to the Kentucky Midshipman E. P. Finney, from the Frolic to the Kentucky.

Midshipman W. T. Conn, jr., from the

Outros to the Kentucky. Midshipmen W. Ancrum, M. Milne and S. dicial circuit of Virginia, is stopping at the M. Robinson, from the Wisconsin to the Raleigh, on his way to West Virginia, upon Commander H. Hutchins, to the Cavite station Lieuts. L. F. James and C. R. Miller,

from the Solace to the Isla de Cuba Midshipman F. S. Written, from the Ken-tucky to the Isla de Cuba.

Acting as Chief Signal Officer. Major George P. Scriven of the Signal Corps is acting chief signal officer of the army in the absence of Gen. Greely, who Terms: 13 cents per week: 25 cents for two weeks; or 50 cents per month.

period can have The Star mailed to them to any address in the United States or Carada, by ordering it at this office, in person or by letter. INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE. The address may be changed as frequently as desired. Always give the last address, as well as the new one.

THE STAR BY MAIL.

Persons leaving the city for any

THE OHIO DEMOCRATS

Having Trouble Over Candidate and Platform.

TWO FACTIONS AT WAR

ONE HEADED BY TOM L. JOHNSON OF CLEVELAND.

The Other by John L. Zimmerman-Wm. Jennings Bryan Behind the Former, Aided by Mr. Lentz.

Interesting political information comes from Ohio, where the democrats are having a warm time deciding upon a gubernatorial candidate and a platform with which to oppose the republicans. Governor, state ofcers, legislature and a seat in the United States Senate will be at stake in the battle next November, and the democrats intend to make a try for victory.

Two factions are contending now for control of the coming state convention, the nomination of candidates and declaration of principles. Mr. Tom L. Johnson of Cleveland, friend of Bryan's, advocate of single tax, of free trade, of free silver, of antiimperialism as a paramount issue, sworn to raise the taxes on corporate property, believer in government ownership of telegraph lines, etc., is at the head of one faction. He is expected to be a candidate for

governor. With him is ex-Representative John J. Lentz, well remembered in Washington for the expression in Congress of radical views. Mr. Lentz wants to come to the Senate to Mr. Lentz wants to come to the Schade It succeed Senator Hanna, who once made it his business to annihilate Mr. Lentz, though at great cost. Back of this faction is William Jennings Bryan, who has promeised to come to Ohio a few days before con-vention time to stir the boys up and conserve the interests of the Kansas City plat-

Opposed to this faction are the conservative democrats, headed by Mr. John L. Zimmerman of Springfield, backed by Harmon of Cincinnati, young Thurman of Columbus and James Kilbourne and the gold standard democrats throughout the state, some of whom have strayed into the re-publican party on national issues, but are willing to fall into line on an acceptable state ticket.

The Johnson Faction. It is claimed that on the main state

issues Mr. Zimmerman and Mr. Johnson are not far apart, but that the insistence others at the points referred to 'o the necessity of exercising additional vigilance in their efforts to prevent the overcrowding of steamers. Nothing that can be done to stop this violation will be omitted, and it is Mr. Lentz has outlined his views of the platform of the democrats. He first would adopt the Kansas City platform as an entirety and would add thereto a few adornments in the way of demands for government ownership of telephones and telegraphs, to be operated by the Post Office Department. He favors the election of United States senators by popular vote of

the people. Mr. Lentz takes the stand that since the taxation system of Ohio was founded the character and value of taxable property has changed and that instead of wealth of the state consisting of cattle, horses and hayricks, it now is found in the value of corporation franchises. He declares against perpetual franchises; would prohibit the granting of franchises by city councils until they had been submitted to the direct vote of the people. He favors municipal ownership of utilitarian proper-

It is said that Mr. Lentz and Mr. Johnson are very busy laying pipe lines before the convention, but that Mr. Zimmerman is holding back, expecting the office to come to him, so the wiseacres are not able to predict yet who is likely to get the

nomination. The gossip is that Mr. Johnson does not expect to elect a governor, but does think he may give the republicans a tight race for control of the legislature and election of senator.

Vigorous Campaign Indicated.

Already there are indications that the campaign is to be waged vigorously. The republicans now are at work, but the democrats will not commence until September. as their convention will only be held the latter part of August. The democrats are the campaign, while the republicans are not lacking.

The word was passed around a little while ago that Senator Hanna had ex-pressed anxiety as to the outcome of the election, but as that kind of talk is al-ways sent out in advance of the gentlemanly assistant who passes around the hat it aroused no great concern among

SENTENCE SET ASIDE.

G. Doyle. The Secretary of the Navy has acted fa-

vorably on the case of Lieut. James G. Doyle of the navy, formerly attached to the U. S. S. Kentucky on the Asiatic station. In November, 1902, this officer was convicted by a general court martial of the charge of drunkenness on duty and sentenced to lose thirty numbers in the grade of lieutenant. This sentence was reduced by the convening authority to the loss of twenty numbers.

On the ground that there is a reasonable doubt as to the guilt of the officer, the Navy Department has now set aside the sentence and directed that the officer be restored to his original position on the navy list.

Personal Mention.

Dr. Chas, W. Cuthbertson has returned from his vacation, spent at Asbury Park, Alexander R. Mullowny, assistant United States attorney for the District in the United States branch of the Police Court, is

The Rev. N. C. Naylor, formerly of this friends. J. W. G. Blackstone, who was recently

re-elected until 1910 judge of the eighth jumatters of importance. He expects to re-

the journey to Europe in twelve or fifteen days.

The Lawrence and Whipple have arrived at New London, the Barry at Newport and the Lebanon at New L

morning for Chinklang.

8. H. KAUFFMANN, President. New York Office: Tribune Building. Chicago Office: Tribune Building.

employed in and about St. Peter's to pre-TROOPS IN ST, PETER'S serve order during great ceremonies. LONDON, July 23 .- The first mention in the house of commons of the pope's death occurred this afternoon, when William Red-

POPE'S REMAINS.

ROME, July 23 .- Today the form of Leo XIII lay in state in the Basilica of St.

Italian Troops Present. At the sound of the first bell two regi-

At 0:05 o'clock the gate was opened and

Efforts to Keep Crowdvin Line.

feet high so that all could see it. The body was slightly inclined, with the head raised and facing the passing throng. The visage had a chalky whiteness and appeared to be unnaturally shriveled. It was robed in the full vestments as the Roman public knew the pontiff in life. Around the bier burned thirteen high candles, while on each side stood the noble guards, motioncrowd pushed against the iron trel-

measures so that the lower sented in the great throng. Some were working people; there also were groups of

Pontifical Requiem Mass.

mass on the other side of the church. Several thousand people were present, though in so vast a church, capable of containing 70,000 persons, they appeared to be a mere andful, especially as they were all stand-Cardinal Oregila, dean of the Sacred Col-

comed by his colleagues, as being wer-the most prominent members of the Sucred College, and because he is mentioned among those most likely to succeed Pope It is being remarked that Cardinal Oreg-

Committee to Arrange Conclave.

5,000 men will be affected.

EARLY MORNING RIDE

Trip.

SAYVILLE, L. L. July 23.-The Fresident left Sagamore Hil at the fag end of a severe thunder storm. During the entire

MORE TROUBLE IN MACADONIA.

Belief That European Powers Will Have to Intervene. CONSTANTINOPLE, July 23.-The increasing activity of the revolutionists in by the Turkish troops are producing an unpleasant effect in official quarters and apprehension in diplomatic circles, where it is believed the existing situation will

the reform scheme is inadequate. WILL PROBE OLD MURDERS. Grand Jury at Jackson, Ky., Continues

Its Session. JACKSON, Ky., July 22. - The special case; also that the inquisition is extending

that he was being killed.

Dr. Jordan's Assistants Report Success-

Horse, where the time will be spent in col-lecting fish from the lakes in that region.

Was a Member of International Court

a delegate at large to the New York constitutional convention in 1894, member of

and Labor.

It is said that there is not the slightest

Miller Expected to Return.

said this morning to a reporter for The Evening Star that he knew Miller, and that he would return to work "He will not be satisfied with a moral victory," said this member, "but will come back and force the issue. It makes no difference to him whom he injures if he can succeed in his own designs, and the loss to the government by the strike of the bookbinders would not appeal to him in the least degree. He has been advised of his

ington at this moment. It would not surprise me to see him before the protest gets into the hands of the President."

President Feeney's Statement.

"The civil service commission also recognized the union. The following case will illustrate that point. We have a very strict rule in our constitution that no person can become a member of our union who has not served at least four years' apprenticeship to the trade of bookbinding. The civil service rules were to the effect that any person who has served three years is eligible for appointment in the government printing office. During the past eight years we have rejected several new appointees from the civil service commission who could not prove that they had served four years, and our action in each case was sustained by both the public printer and the commission. "About a year ago we rejected a man who had been appointed in the bindery who was only a paper cutter, having dis-covered on investigation that he had not ship. The man was appointed in accordance with the rules of the civil service union he protested and appealed his case to the commission and to the President of the United States. I believe the public printer told the commission why the man could not work in the bindery. A short time afterward our union had some busience of the full board—Commissioners Procter, Foulke and Gartield—I, as president of the union, reported this case and stated that it was unjust for the commission to appoint a man whom we could not accept, bring him a long distance to

wherein the union was recognized by the governmental authorities and respect shown for our rules and regulations. "In 1895, when the office was put under

served four years' apprenticeship. "We were asked what we would do in less telegraphy.

of command of all the troops in the fall.

is available for that work. ADMIRAL COGHLAN HERE. Confers With Officials Regarding Com- the republicans. ing Joint Maneuvers.

Naval Orders. Naval Constructor J. D. Beuret, from the Cavite station to his home. Quiros to the Wisconsin.

to the Albay.
Midshipman I. S. Bass, from the Wiscon-

as gone to Berlin to attend an interna-

spending a few days at Atlantic City. city, now of Berwick, Pa., arrived in Washington today to spend a short vacation with

turn in a few days. Mr. James J. Lampton of the firm of Early & Lampton, real estate brokers, has arranged for a long sea voyage. He intends to take a slow freight steamer which makes

Movements of Naval Vessels

Dismissal for Offensiveness. tional conference on the subject of wire- The gunboat El Cano left Shanghai thu

the soldiers was generally interpreted to mean another step toward a rapproach-ment between the church and state, as heretofore the Vatican has always main-

Vatican and the government have come to such an agreement that Italian troops may.

At Have—La Lorraine, from New York.

At Queenstown—Germanic, from New York.

At Queenstown—Germanic, from New York will probably captain the eleven which will play in Australia this fall.

At Have—La Lorraine, from New York.

At Queenstown—Germanic, from New York which will play in Australia this fall.

At Have—La Lorraine, from New York.

At Queenstown—Germanic, from New York which will play in Australia this fall.

At Have—La Lorraine, from New York.

At Queenstown—Germanic, from New York which will play in Australia this fall.

Steamship Arrivals.

Will Not Be Officially Represented. The United States government will not be officially represented at the funeral of the pope, although some of the members from the United States embassy in Rome may attend in their private capacity. The President has given no intimation of his intention to be represented personally, and the State Department does not expect him to do so, for it would be contrary to all prece-The United States has already taken offi

cial cognizance of the death of the pope by expressions of condolence cabled by the ate Department upon the directions of the If Mr. Iddings, the United States charge or any other member of the embassy at tends the obsequies he will do so as a pri vate citizen, and it is not expected he will

occupy a seat with the diplomatic representatives accredited to the Vatican. DISCOVERIES IN MARINE LIFE.

Successful Work of Prof. Ritter at San Diego, Cal. SAN DIEGO, Cal., July 23.-The investigation of marine life in the waters of San Diego bay by Prof. Ritter and his assistants, of the University of California, has resulted in valuable additions to the

eific.

number of new forms have been discovered within the last few days. One of these is the "peridinium" of the animaculae, that causes the water to assume the reddish hue that at times has been noticed and that is said to give the characteristic hue to the electrical display. Other rare specimens discovered are the radiolaria, with skeletons of silica and of marvelously elaborate patterns which hitherto have been reported only by the fa-mous challenger expedition to the tropical Atlantic in 1872. The most remarkable dis-

Among the protozea and coelentera, a

ELKS AT CRAB FEAST.

Seven Steamer Loads Visit Tolchester

Beach on the Chesapeake.

BALTIMORE, July 23.-Today 12,000 Elks

now attending the national reunion of their

been prepared for them by the local lodge

covery, perhaps, is that of the "saphyirina"

throng to the beach. The resort has been reserved exclusively for the visiting Elks today, and none except Elks were allowed to participate in the excursion. During today the grand lodge will hold

one more secret session at Ford's Opera

House, to conclude action upon unfinished

business.

TO INCREASE THE FORCE. Work at Newport News Shipyard is Increasing Rapidly. Special Dispatch to The Evening Star. NEWPORT NEWS, Va., July 23.-It was announced here today, semi-officially, that, owing to the increased amount of governless. Further back were kneeling priests ment work on hand, the Newport News shipyard would put 1.500 more men to work within the next three months. As there

at an American shipyard. extremities of the body were half a yard | The monitor Arkansas, which was built at the local shipyard, returned there today for the first time since her exciting experience up the Mississippi, when the prospect of remaining in the river a year con-fronted her officers. The monitor will be docked here.
It can be stated upon the very best authority that the southern branch of the National Soldiers Home will remain at

Hampton. A satisfactory settlement be-tween the board of managers at the home

and the Hampton Normal School is on the

verge of consummation, and the trouble

about the water supply has been adjusted.

this would bring the number up to 8,500.

In the event of further trouble about the upon which the home is built the property will be condemned. *** PENNSYLVANIA MEMORIALS. Dates Set for Dedication of Monuments in the South. HARRISBURG, Pa., July 23.—The three commissions created to arrange for the dedication of monuments to Pennsylvania

soldiers in the south have fixed upon the

following dates: Andersonville prison, No-

vember 10; 73d Pennsylvania Regiment,

Chattanooga November 11; 77th Pennsyl-

GOVERNMENT LAUNCH WRECKED

Struck on South Point of Beach Is-

land, Maine Coast.

BIDDEFORD, Me., July 21.-A govern-

vania Regiment, Shiloh, November 16. Gov. Pennypacker and staff and state officials will leave here on a special car for Andersonville on November 9.

ment launch which was being run from the Charlestown navy yard to Portland by Lieutenant George Stevens and seven men of the Portland Naval Reserve, struck early today on the southerly point of Beach Island, at the pool, and is a wreck on the rocks. A boat from the Biddeford Pool lifesaving station brought ashore the crew of the launch without difficulty. The launch war formerly attached to the United States steamer Dolphin. She was about

forty feet long and of light construction.

She went on the rocks in a fog, while go-

ing at only a five-knot speed, but several

holes were made in her bottom and she cannot be saved. Lieutenant Stevens had

his course laid to pass outside Beach Island, but a strong westerly current sent the launch just inside the outer end of

Increased Wages to Glass Workers. COLUMBUS, Ohio, July 23.-The Federation and Independent Window Glass Companies of Columbus have granted an increase of about 15 per cent to the employes of its various plants, who belong to the

At the Lizard-Furst Bismarck, from New York, for Plymouth. Cherbourg and Hamburg.

mond (Irish nationalist) asked if the flag on the Victoria tower, Westminster, and those on the public buildings would be half-masted out of respect to the late pope. Nati-masted out of respect to the late pope. Victor Cavendish, treasurer of the house-hold, replying for the government, said there was no precedent, but the question of ordering the half-masting of the flags on public buildings was now under considera-

No. 15,728.